

MAJA AND CELESTINA ON A BALCONY (MAJA Y CELESTINA AL BALCÓN)

CLASIFICACIÓN: EASEL PAINTING. ALLEGORY, MYTHOLOGY, HISTORY



DATOS GENERALES

CRONOLOGÍA

Ca. 1808 - 1812

UBICACIÓN

Private collection

DIMENSIONES

166 x 108 cm

TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE

Oil on canvas

RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA

Documented work

TITULAR

Private collection

FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN

21 Apr 2010 / 01 Jun 2023

INVENTARIO

1080 -

INSCRIPCIONES

X.24 (lower left-hand corner).

HISTORIA

During the Spanish War of Independence, Goya produced some private works, including this one, *Majas on a Balcony*, *Lazarillo of Tormes*, and probably *Time or Old Women*.

The painting appears in the inventory drawn up of the belongings to be shared between Goya and

his son Javier on the death of his wife in 1812 as one of the "two paintings of young women on a balcony with inventory number twenty-four, valued at 400 [reales], the other painting being *Majas on a Balcony*. The work was purchased from Javier Goya by Francisco de Acebal y Arratia, and later passed to his heir, Luis Mac-Crohon, and his collection in Madrid. It was acquired in 1942 by Juan March, passing in 1962 to his son Bartolomé March. It was sold to another private owner in 2003.

ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

We are presented with the almost full-length portrayal of a beautiful young woman with blond hair who is leaning on the iron railing of a balcony, showing off her figure. She is wearing a grey gown with a gold edging, displaying a generous cleavage. On her left, further away from the railing, is an old woman with a mischievous look on her face who is holding a rosary while she looks for business. The right-hand side of the composition is closed off by a grey curtain, and the dark interior with no details or furniture, do not allow the viewer to see what kind of room it is.

The figure of the young woman is reminiscent of the *maja* Goya painted in the frescoes for the Chapel of San Antonio de la Florida in Madrid. She also resembles some figures in the Caprices series in which Goya also dealt with the subject of the prostitute and the procuress.

It has been suggested that the reappearance of these sensual young women in Goya's work during these years was perhaps motivated by his affair with the young Leocadia Weiss, and it is possible that the main figure in *The Letter* is her portrait.

The inscription marking this painting as the property of Javier Goya, "X 24", is no longer visible on the canvas, but was originally located on the lower left-hand corner.

EXPOSICIONES

Pinturas de Goya

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1928

consultant editor Fernando
Álvarez de Sotomayor. From April
to May 1928

cat. 16

Exposición conmemorativa del centenario de Goya

Palacio de Oriente Madrid 1946

organized by Patrimonio
Nacional. June 1946

cat. 9

cat. 82

El arte de Goya

Museo de Arte Occidental de Tokio Tokyo 1971

from 16th 1971 to January 23th
1972. Exhibited also at the Kyoto
Municipal Museum of Art, January
29th to March 15th 1972.

cat. 39

Goya en las colecciones madrileñas

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1983

consultant editor Enrique
Lafuente Ferrari. From April 19th
to June 20th 1983

cat. 39

Goya y el espíritu de la Ilustración

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1988

from October 6th to December
18th 1988. Exhibited also at
Museum of Fine Arts, Boston,
January 18th to March 26th 1989;
The Metropolitan Museum of Art,
Nueva York, May 9th to July 16th
1989, Madrid curator Manuela B.
Mena Marqués, scientific
directors Alfonso E. Pérez
Sánchez and Eleanor A. Sayre

cat. 70

Francisco de Goya: Maleri, Tegning, Grafikk

Nasjonalgalleriet Oslo 1996

from 10th to April 14th 1996

cat. 28

Goya en tiempos de guerra

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 2008

consultant editor Manuela B.
Mena Marqués, from April 14th to
July 13th 2008

cat. 65

Expérience Goya

Lille 2021

cat. 71

Goya

Basle 2021

p. 242

BIBLIOGRAFÍA

L'œuvre peint de Goya. 4 vols

DESPARMET FITZ - GERALD, Xavier
vol. II, p. 283, cat. 536s
1928-1950

Goya en tiempos de guerra

MENA MARQUÉS, Manuela B.
pp. 248-251, cat. 65 y p. 253 (il.)
2008
Museo Nacional del Prado

ENLACES EXTERNOS