

LAZARILLO OF TORMES (EL LAZARILLO DE TORMES)

CLASIFICACIÓN: EASEL PAINTING. VARIOUS SUBJECTS



DATOS GENERALES

CRONOLOGÍA

Ca. 1808 - 1810

UBICACIÓN

Private collection, Madrid, Spain

DIMENSIONES

80 x 65 cm

TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE

Oil on canvas

RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA

Documented work

TITULAR

Private collection

FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN

21 Apr 2010 / 15 Jun 2023

INSCRIPCIONES

X 25 (lower right-hand corner).

HISTORIA

During the Spanish War of Independence, Goya produced some private works including this one, *Majas on a Balcony*, *Maja and Celestina*, and probably *Time or The Old Women*.

The work was inherited by Javier Goya when his mother died, according to the inventory of 1812 ("*El lazarillo de Tormes*, n.º twenty-five valued at 100 [reales]") and the inscription "X" for Xavier followed by the number which appears on the canvas. Baron Taylor bought the piece in 1836 for the King of France, Louis-Philippe I of Orleans. It was placed in the Spanish Gallery (Galerie Espagnole), leaving France when the king was dethroned. The painting was then sold at Christie's of London in 1853 for the price of 11.10 pounds (lot nº 171). It was later purchased by the Duke of Montpensier, son of Louis-Philippe I, who was married to the Infant Luisa Fernanda, Isabel II's sister, and left to the family lawyer, Caumartin. It was registered as being in his possession until 1867. In 1902 it was located in the Maugeau collection. The canvas was sold in Bordeaux in 1923 to the Marquis of Amurrio, who then left it to Doctor Gregorio Marañón. It was later inherited by its current owners.

ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

This work had traditionally been identified by the title *Diphtheria* (*La Curación del garrotillo*), since this disease at the time was thought to be cured by cauterizing the throat. However, the mention of the 16th-century picaresque novel by an anonymous author in the inventory of Goya's possessions corrected this interpretation of the subject.

The painting depicts a dark, interior scene, lit by the flames of a fire, featuring a dishevelled man and half-naked boy with his clothes in tatters. The man, his eyes closed, grips the boy between his legs and supports his head firmly with his hand while he puts his fingers down the boy's throat. The boy expresses his pain and the discomfort of the situation in his eyes, gazing upwards. The image represents the scene in the novel in which the villainous blind man's guide has substituted the longaniza sausage which the blind man had given him to cook with for a turnip, and is being smelled by his cruel master to prove whether he has eaten it.

The characters are represented realistically, and their shabby clothing is depicted in great detail. However, the subject is also suited to the inclusion of a measure of comedy and irony, and accordingly the figures are somewhat caricatured. The setting for the scene does not require any details to make the action intelligible, and for this reason Goya has only included the fire and a line or two which suggest depth.

EXPOSICIONES

Notice des tableaux de la Galerie Espagnole exposés dans les salles du Musée Royal au Louvre

Galerie Louise Philippe Paris 1838

1838

cat. 102

Goya. Gemälde Zeichnungen. Graphik. Tapisserien

Kunsthalle Basel Basle 1953

from January 23th to April 12th

1953

cat.35

cat. 87

De Greco á Picasso. Cinq siècles d'art espagnol

Musée du Petit Palais Paris 1987

from October 10th 1987 to

January 3th 1988

cat. 106

Goya: Prophet der Moderne

Alte Nationalgalerie Berlin 2005

from July 13th to October 3th

2005. Exhibited also at the

Kunsthistorischemuseum,

Vienna, October 18th 2005 to

January 8th 2006, consultant

editor Manuela B. Mena

Marqués

cat. 99

Goya

Ministry of Foreign Affairs Burdeos 1951

organized by the Bordeaux City

Hall, consultant editor Gilberte

Martin-Méry. From May 16th to

June 30th 1951

cat. 50

Goya

Festival Internacional de Granada, Palacio de Carlos V Granada 1955

consultant editor Enrique

Lafuente Ferrari

cat. 117

Goya and his times

The Royal Academy of Arts London 1963

cat. 66

cat. 80

Goya

Nationalmuseum Stockholm 1994

consultant editors Juan J. Luna

and Görel Cavalli-Björkman.

From October 7th 1994 to

January 8th 1995

cat. 38

Goya en tiempos de guerra

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 2008

consultant editor Manuela B.

Mena Marqués, from April 14th

to July 13th 2008

cat. 38

Goya

Prado National Museum Madrid 1951

July 1951

cat. 23

Francisco de Goya. IV Centenario de la capitalidad

organized by Ayuntamiento de Madrid and Dirección General de Bellas Artes at the Casón del Buen Retiro Madrid 1961

consultant editor Valentín de

Sambricio

cat. LIX

La Galerie Espagnole de Louise Philippe

Musée du Louvre Paris 1981

cat. 106

Goya en las colecciones españolas

Sala de Exposiciones del BBVA Madrid 1995

consultant editor Juan J. Luna.

From December 14th 1995 to

February 17th 1996

cat. 106

BIBLIOGRAFÍA

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1970
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Francisco de Goya, 4 vols.

CAMÓN AZNAR, José
vol. III, p. 191
1980-1982
Caja de Ahorros de Zaragoza, Aragón y Rioja

Vie et oeuvre de Francisco de Goya

GASSIER, Pierre y WILSON, Juliet
pp. 256, 266, cat. 957
1970
Office du livre

Goya en tiempos de guerra

MENA MARQUÉS, Manuela B.
p. 254, cat. 66 y p. 255 (il.)
2008
Museo Nacional del Prado

L'opera pittorica completa di Goya

ANGELIS, Rita de
p. 122, cat. 484
1974
Rizzoli

ENLACES EXTERNOS