

YARD WITH LUNATICS (CORRAL DE LOCOS)

CLASIFICACIÓN: EASEL PAINTING. VARIOUS SUBJECTS

SERIE: CABINET PICTURES (PAINTING, 1793 - 1794) (13/14)



DATOS GENERALES

CRONOLOGÍA

1794

UBICACIÓN

Meadows Museum, Southern Methodist University,
Dallas, United States

DIMENSIONES

43 x 32 cm

TÉCNICA Y SOPORTE

Oil on tin

RECONOCIMIENTO DE LA AUTORÍA DE GOYA

Undisputed work

TITULAR

The Meadows Collection

FICHA: REALIZACIÓN/REVISIÓN

09 May 2010 / 14 Jun 2023

INVENTARIO

410 (MM.67.01)

HISTORIA

This work belonged to the Count of Quinto, who sold it in 1862. It subsequently belonged to a number of different collections, including those of: E.G. de Knyff, Edmond Picard, in Brussels, and a private collection in Paris.

It was finally bought by Algur H. Meadows who donated it to the American museum which has

housed it since 1967.

ANÁLISIS ARTÍSTICO

This painting was identified in 1967 thanks to a description of it that appears in a letter which Goya sent to Bernardo de Iriarte on 7 January 1794: "(...) a yard with lunatics, in which two nude men are fighting whilst a warden beats them, and others dressed in sacks: (it is a scene that I witnessed in Zaragoza)". This is one of the works that Goya painted during his stay in Cádiz, spent at the home of his friend and *ilustrado* Sebastián Martínez, *Bulls in the Meadow*.

In a yard with no roof, possibly in a ward at the hospital of Nuestra Señora Gracia in Zaragoza, Goya has painted a group of mental patients. In the centre of the composition, two naked men are fighting as if they were a pair of Graeco-Roman wrestlers and look like something out of a classical painting or sculpture, whilst the carer or warden flogs them with a whip. Other men, dressed in the worn white tunics which Goya calls "sacks" in his letter, cheer them on. A figure on the left-hand side, standing with his arms crossed, looks straight out at the viewer with an expression of horror on his face, whilst the man wearing a hat, sitting on the ground to the right, jeers out at us. On the right-hand side, standing facing the wall, another figure wears the green and brown uniform given to less conflictive patients.

The bright light flooding in through the open roof and the barred window at the back of the scene blurs the outlines, resulting in an indistinct impression of the space and erasing the corner where the two walls of the yard meet. This gloomy, vague space in which the mental patients are held appears to be an allusion to the situation of these men, and to the confusion and chaos of their diminished capacity to understand or reason.

Goya here provides a glimpse into the deplorable conditions in which the mentally ill were forced to live, conditions which he himself tells us he witnessed first-hand. This work also deals with the subject of madness and irrationality, topics which he may have been drawn to following the loss of his hearing and which would go on to be of interest to the romantic painters, as we can see in works like *The Madwoman* (1822-1828, Musée des Beaux-Arts, Lyon), by Théodore Géricault (Rouen, 1791-Paris, 1821).

For more information, see *Strolling Players*.

EXPOSICIONES

Goya

Koninklijk Kabinet van Schilderijen Mauritshuis
The Hague 1970

organized by Ministerio de Estado
y Asuntos Culturales and Réunion
des Musées Nationaux, July 4th
to September 13th 1970.

Exhibited also at the Musée de
l'Orangerie des Tuileries, Paris,
October 25th to December 7th
1970, consultant editors Jeannine
Baticle and A. B. de Vries

cat. 15

Goya y el espíritu de la Ilustración

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1988
from October 6th to December
18th 1988. Exhibited also at
Museum of Fine Arts, Boston,
January 18th to March 26th 1989;
The Metropolitan Museum of Art,
Nueva York, May 9th to July 16th
1989, Madrid curator Manuela B.
Mena Marqués, scientific
directors Alfonso E. Pérez
Sánchez and Eleanor A. Sayre

pp. 48-49, cat. 21

Goya. El Capricho y la Invención. Cuadros de gabinete, bocetos y miniaturas

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 1993
from November 18th 1993 to
February 15th 1994. Exhibited
also at the Royal Academy of
Arts, London, March 18th to June
12th 1994 and The Art Institute of
Chicago, Chicago, July 16th to
October 16th 1994, consultant
editors Manuela B. Mena
Marqués and Juliet Wilson-
Bareau

cat. 37

Painting in Spain in the Age of Enlightenment: Goya and his contemporaries

Indianapolis Museum of Art Indianapolis 1996

Goya: Prophet der Moderne

Alte Nationalgalerie Berlin 2005

from July 13th to October 3th

Goya en tiempos de guerra

Museo Nacional del Prado Madrid 2008

consultant editor Manuela B.

from November 23th 1996 to January 19th 1997. Exhibited also at The Spanish Institute, Nueva York, Spring 1997, consultant editor Sarah Schroth

cat. 50

Goya: Order and disorder

Museum of Fine Arts Boston 2014

cat. 172

from July 10th to October 8th 2005. Exhibited also at the Kunsthistorischesmuseum, Vienna, October 18th 2005 to January 8th 2006, consultant editor Manuela B. Mena Marqués

cat. 32

Mena Marqués, from April 14th to July 13th 2008

cat. 4

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p. 169, cat. 330

1970

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GUDIOL RICART, José

vol. I, p. 293, cat. 292

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Francisco de Goya, 4 vols.

CAMÓN AZNAR, José

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1980-1982

Caja de Ahorros de Zaragoza, Aragón y Rioja

L'opera pittorica completa di Goya

ANGELIS, Rita de

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Rizzoli

Goya. Arte e condizione umana

PAZ, Alfredo de

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1990

Liguori editore

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MENA, Manuela B. y WILSON-BAREAU, Juliet (comisarias)

pp. 200, 201, 202, 203 y 209 (il.), cat.

1993

Museo del Prado

Goya y la locura

SEVA, Antonio and FERNÁNDEZ, Asunción

pp. 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25 y 26

2000

Los mundos de Goya (1746-1828)

SUREDA PONS, Joan

p. 239, il. 142

2008

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Goya: Order & Disorder

ILCHMAN, Frederick y STEPANEK, Stephanie

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pp. 258-259

2014

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